

Aufgabe 9.1

①

$$(i) \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2u_{0,1}} & \frac{1}{2u_{0,1}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2u_{0,1}} & -\frac{1}{u_{0,1}} & \frac{1}{2 \cdot u_{0,1}} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2u_{0,1}} & -\frac{2u_{0,1} + u_{0,2}}{2u_{0,1}(u_{0,1} + u_{0,2})} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$u_0 = [0,5 \quad 0,5] \Rightarrow u_{0,1} = 0,5 \quad u_{0,2} = 0,5$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2 \cdot 0,5} & \frac{1}{2 \cdot 0,5} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2 \cdot 0,5} & -\frac{1}{0,5} & \frac{1}{2 \cdot 0,5} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2 \cdot 0,5} & -\frac{(2 \cdot 0,5 + 0,5)}{2 \cdot 0,5(0,5 + 0,5)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Zustandsrückführung: $u(t) = -kx(t)$

$$k = [k_1 \quad k_2 \quad k_3]$$

$$\dot{x} = A x(t) + B u(t), \quad u(t) = -K x(t)$$

$$\dot{x} = A x(t) - B K x(t) = (A - B K) x(t)$$

$$\dot{x} = \bar{A} \cdot x(t), \quad \text{wobei } \bar{A} = (A - B K)$$

• Soll-polynom: $(1+s)(2+s)(3+s) = s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6 //$

• Charakteristisches Polynom von $(A - B K)$:

$$L_D \quad B K = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot (k_1 \quad k_2 \quad k_3) = \begin{pmatrix} k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bar{A} = A - B K = \begin{pmatrix} -1-k_1 & 1-k_2 & -k_3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det((A - B K) - s I_{3 \times 3}) = \det \begin{pmatrix} -1-k_1-s & 1-k_2 & -k_3 \\ 1 & -2-s & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3/2-s \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (-1-k_1-s)(-2-s)(-3/2-s) - k_3 - 1(-1-k_1-s) - \\ &- (1-k_2)(-3/2-s) = (2+s+k_1 \cdot 2 + k_1 \cdot s + 2 \cdot s + s^2)(-3/2-s) - \\ &- k_3 + 1 + 1 \cdot k_1 + 1 \cdot s + (3/2+s - 3/2 \cdot k_2 - s \cdot k_2) \\ &= (s^2 + s(3+k_1) + (2+2k_1))(-3/2-s) + s(2-k_2) + \\ &+ 5/2 - k_3 + k_1 - 3/2 k_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -s^3 - s^2(3+k_1) - s(2+2k_1) - \frac{3}{2}s^2 - \frac{3}{2}s(3+k_1) - \frac{3}{2}(2+2k_1) + s(2-k_2) + \frac{5}{2} - k_3 + k_1 - \frac{3}{2}k_2 \quad (3)$$

$$= -s^3 - s^2\left(\frac{9}{2}+k_1\right) - s\left(k_2 + \frac{7}{2}k_1 + \frac{9}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} + 2k_1 + \frac{3}{2}k_2 + k_3\right)$$

$$= 0 \quad \cdot (-1) \Rightarrow s^3 + s^2\left(\frac{9}{2}+k_1\right) + s\left(k_2 + \frac{7}{2}k_1 + \frac{9}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + 2k_1 + \frac{3}{2}k_2 + k_3\right)$$

- Soll-Polynom: $s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6$
- charac. Polynom: $s^3 + \left(\frac{9}{2}+k_1\right)s^2 + \left(k_2 + \frac{7}{2}k_1 + \frac{9}{2}\right)s + \left(\frac{1}{2} + 2k_1 + \frac{3}{2}k_2 + k_3\right)$

$$\frac{9}{2} + k_1 = 6 \quad \rightarrow \quad \boxed{k_1 = \frac{3}{2}}$$

$$k_2 + \frac{7}{2}k_1 + \frac{9}{2} = 11 \quad \xrightarrow{k_1 = \frac{3}{2}} \quad \boxed{k_2 = \frac{5}{4}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + 2k_1 + \frac{3}{2}k_2 + k_3 = 6 \quad \xrightarrow[k_1 = \frac{3}{2}, k_2 = \frac{5}{4}]{} \quad \boxed{k_3 = \frac{5}{8}}$$

$$\boxed{k = \left[\frac{3}{2} \quad \frac{5}{4} \quad \frac{5}{8} \right], \quad u(t) = -kx(t)}$$